Statistics: PROGRESSION MAP FOR FLUENCY, REASONING AND PROBLEM SOLVING

Statistics: Statutory Requirements and Reasoning (from NCETM)

	INTERPRETING, CONSTRUCTING AND PRESENTING DATA						
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
	interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables	interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables	interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs	complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables	interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems		
	ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity						
	ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data						
	True or false? (Looking at a simple pictogram) "More people travel to work in a car than on a bicycle". Is this true or false? Convince me. Make up you own 'true/false' statement about the pictogram	True or false? (Looking at a bar chart) "Twice as many people like strawberry than lime". Is this true or false? Convince me. Make up your own 'true/false' statement about the bar chart.	True or false? (Looking at a graph showing how the class sunflower is growing over time) "Our sunflower grew the fastest in July". Is this true or false? Convince me. Make up your own 'true/false' statement about the graph.	True or false? (Looking at a train time table) "If I want to get to Exeter by 4 o'clock this afternoon, I will need to get to Taunton station before midday". Is this true or false? Convince me. Make up your own 'true/false' statement about a journey using the timetable.	True or false? (Looking at a pie chart) "More than twice the number of people say their favourite type of T.V. programme is soaps than any other" Is this true or false? Convince me. Make up your own 'true/false' statement about the pie chart.		
	What's the same, what's	What's the same, what's	What's the same, what's		What's the same, what's		

Geometry, Position and Direction

different?	different?	different?	What's the same, what's	different?
Pupils identify similarities	Pupils identify similarities	Pupils identify similarities	different?	Pupils identify similarities
and differences between	and differences between different representations	and differences between different representations	Pupils identify similarities and differences between	and differences between different representations
different representations	and explain them to each	and explain them to each	different representations	and explain them to each
and explain them to each	other	other	and explain them to each	other
other			other	

SOLVING PROBLEMS						
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
		solve one-step and two-step questions [e.g. 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables.	solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs.	solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph	calculate and interpret the mean as an average	
	Create a questions Pupils ask (and answer) questions about different statistical representations using key vocabulary relevant to the objectives.	Create a questions Pupils ask (and answer) questions about different statistical representations using key vocabulary relevant to the objectives. (see above)	Create a questions Pupils ask (and answer) questions about different statistical representations using key vocabulary relevant to the objectives. (see above)	Create a questions Pupils ask (and answer) questions about different statistical representations using key vocabulary relevant to the objectives. (see above)	Create a questions Make up a set of five numbers with a mean of 2.7 Missing information The mean score in six test papers in a spelling test of 20 questions is 15.Five of the scores were 13 12 17 18 16 What was the missing score?	

Statistics: Key Performance Indicators

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Interpret and construct simple tables, tally charts and pictograms	Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables	Interpret and present discrete and continuous data on appropriate graphs	Complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables	Construct and interpret pie charts Calculate the mean as an average

Statistics: Cross-curricular links

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Science - drawing block graphs to measure growth of cress Tallys	Investigate how children travel to school Represent physical and man-made features in a diagram (Geography) Measuring personal performance and recording data (P.E.)	Science – Presentation and Interpretation of Data in Sound and Light topics Geography – bar charts following on from field work (local area study)	Science - Earth and Space - Interpreting information in tables involving negative numbers and numbers to 3 decimal places.	Science- to look at a variety of graphs- line graphs/pie charts. To interpret data given and draw conclusions

Statistics: Vocabulary

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Vote	Count	Chart	Survey	Survey	Carroll diagram
table	Tally	Bar chart	questionnaire	Questionnaire	Venn diagram
	Sort	Frequency table	date	Data	pie chart
	Vote	Carroll diagram	graph	Database	mean
	Graph	Venn diagram	pictogram	Graph	mode
	Block-graph	Axis axes	bar chart	Block graph	median
	Pictogram	diagram	frequency table	Pictogram	range of estimates
	Represent		Carroll diagram	List	statistics
	Group		Venn diagram	Table	distribution
	Set		label	Chart	
	List		title	Bar chart	
	Table		axis	Frequency table	
	Label			Bar line chart	
	Title			Carroll diagram	
				Venn diagram	
				Line graph	
				Label	
				Title	
				Axis	
				Axes	
				Maximum/minimum value	
				outcome	